

Seat No.: \_\_\_\_\_

Enrolment No. \_\_\_\_\_

## GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

BE - SEMESTER- 1<sup>st</sup> / 2<sup>nd</sup> • EXAMINATION – WINTER 2013

**Subject Code: 110006**

**Date: 21-12-2013**

**Subject Name: Elements of Mechanical Engineering**

**Time: 10:30 am – 01:00 pm**

**Total Marks: 70**

**Instructions:**

1. Attempt any five questions.
2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.

- Q.1** (a) Explain with a neat sketch the babcock and Wilcox water tube boiler. Show path of the gases and water in it. 5  
(b) Explain, with suitable diagram, working principle of disc clutch and band brake. 5  
(c) Define ferrous and non ferrous materials with their properties and suitable application. 4
- Q.2** (a) Discuss working of diesel four stroke cycle engine with help of schematic diagram. 5  
(b) How much heat is to be added to convert 4 kg of water at 20° C in to steam at 8 bar and 200° C. Take  $C_p$  of superheated steam as 2.1 KJ/kg and specific heat of water as 4.187 KJ/kg K. 5  
(c) Define following terms 4  
(i) Absolute pressure and Atmospheric pressure  
(ii) Enthalpy and Energy
- Q.3** (a) Explain with a neat sketch the working of a vapour compression refrigerator. 5  
(b) In an engine working on Otto cycle, air has a pressure of 1 bar and temperature 30° C at the entry. Air is compressed with a compression ratio of 6. The heat is added at constant volume until the temperature rises to 1500° C. Determine (i) air standard efficiency (ii) pressure and temperature at the end of compression (iii) heat supplied. 5  
Take  $C_v = 0.718$  kJ/Kg K,  $R = 0.287$  kJ/Kg K.  
(c) What are LPG and CNG? 4
- Q.4** (a) Enlist various types of pullys used for power drives. Explain any two with neat sketch and their application. 5  
(b) A single stage, single acting compressor has a bore of 170 mm and stroke of 260 mm. it runs at 130 rpm. The suction pressure is 1 bar and delivery pressure is 9 bar. Find the indicated power if compression (i) follows the law  $p v^{1.25} = \text{constant}$  and (ii) is isothermal. Also find isothermal efficiency. Assume there is no clearance volume. 5  
(c) Draw a neat sketch of cochran boiler with all labels. 4
- Q.5** (a) What is the function of pump? Classify the pumps. Explain with sketch the working of single acting piston pump. 5  
(b) Air enters a compressor at 0.2 Mpa and 30° C having a volume of 2 m<sup>3</sup>/kg is compressed to 1 Mpa isothermally. Calculate (i) work down (ii) change in I.E. (iii) Heat transferred 5  
(c) Differentiate between C.I and S.I. engine. 4
- Q.6** (a) Derive an equation for work done in case of single stage single acting reciprocating air compressor neglecting clearance. 5  
(b) What do you understand by mechanical and thermal efficiency? A steam plant uses 3 tonne of coal/hr. The steam is fed to turbine the output of which is 4 MW. The calorific value of the coal is 30 MJ/Kg. calculate the thermal efficiency of the plant. 5  
(c) Define following mechanical Properties. 4  
(i) Hardness (ii) Toughness (iii) Ductility (iv) Elasticity.
- Q.7** (a) Derive the expression  $pV/T = \text{constant}$  with the help of Boyle's law and charle's law. 5  
(b) What is governor? What are the various types of governors? Explain watt governor with neat sketch. 5  
(c) Explain working principle of air conditioning 4

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