

**GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY****BE - SEMESTER-VIII • EXAMINATION – WINTER • 2014****Subject Code: 180103****Date: 02-12-2014****Subject Name: Space Dynamics****Time: 02.30 pm - 05.00 pm****Total Marks: 70****Instructions:**

1. Attempt all questions.
2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.

- Q.1** (a) Write a short note on Escape Velocity. **07**  
 (b) Explain Newton's Law of Gravitation in detail. **07**
- Q.2** (a) (i) Explain Gravitational Potential Energy. **07**  
 (ii) Determine the mass of the space dynamics student if the force of attraction between earth and the student is 700 N.  
 (b) Write a short note on Elliptic orbit. **07**
- OR**
- Q.3** (b) Explain india's mars orbital mission in your words. **07**  
 (a) Explain Hohmann transfer ellipse. **07**  
 (b) A satellite is launched from a circular equatorial parking orbit at an altitude of 160 km into a coplanar circular synchronous orbit by using a Hohmann transfer ellipse. Assume a homogeneous spherical earth with a radius of 6370 km. Determine the velocity increments for entering the transfer ellipse and for achieving the synchronous orbit at 45,000 km altitude. **07**
- OR**
- Q.3** (a) Explain mechanics of Circular orbit. Also list important points for the same. **07**  
 (b) At the end of a rocket launch of a space vehicle, the burnout velocity is 9 km/s in a direction due north and 3° above the local horizontal. The altitude above sea level is 805 km. The burnout point is located at 27° degree above the equator. Calculate the trajectory of the space vehicle. **07**
- Q.4** (a) Derive Orbit equation. **07**  
 (b) Write a short note on Kepler's third law in detail. **07**
- OR**
- Q.4** (a) (i) Find velocities required to obtain a circular orbit and parabolic trajectory for earth. **04**  
 (ii) The period of revolution of the earth about the sun is 365.256 days. The semi major axis of earth's orbit is  $1.49527 \times 10^{11}$  m. In turn, the semi major axis of the orbit of Mars is  $2.2783 \times 10^{11}$  m. Calculate the period of Mars. **03**
- Q.4** (b) (i) Classify Space Vehicles. **04**  
 (ii) With neat sketches explain primary phases of space mission. **03**
- Q.5** (a) Derive general equation of motion for a vehicle entering the atmosphere. **07**  
 (b) Write a short note on Deep Space. **07**
- OR**
- Q.5** (a) Explain Entry heating. Also obtain an equation for aerodynamic heating rate. **07**  
 (b) Explain different types of entry paths. **07**

**Given Data:****Radius of earth = 6370 km**

**$G = 6.67 \times 10^{-11} \text{ Nm}^2/\text{kg}^2$**

**Mass of earth =  $5.98 \times 10^{24}$  kg**

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